

Mentoring Operating System (MentOS)

System call

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System Call



System Call

What are the ingredients in MentOs



System Call

Ingredients

The ingredients are:

- ▶ 1 **kernel-side** function;
- ▶ 1 **user-side** function;
- ▶ 1 **unique number** associated with the system call;

For instance:

- ▶ **kernel-side** function:

```
int sys_open(const char *pathname, int flags, mode_t mode);
```

- ▶ **user-side** function:

```
int open(const char *pathname, int flags, mode_t mode);
```

- ▶ **unique number** associated with the system call:

```
#define __NR_open 5
```



System Call

Folder Structure

inc/sys/unistd.h

- ▶ The file **defining** the **user-side** system calls;
- ▶ For instance, it contains the **open(...)** function.

src/libc/unistd/*.c:

- ▶ The files **implementing** the **user-side** system calls;
- ▶ Basically, they prepare the **arguments**, and call **int 80**.
- ▶ The **open(...)**, is implemented inside **src/libc/unistd/open.c**

inc/system/syscall_types.h

- ▶ Contains the list of **System Calls numbers**;
- ▶ The `#define __NR_open 5;`



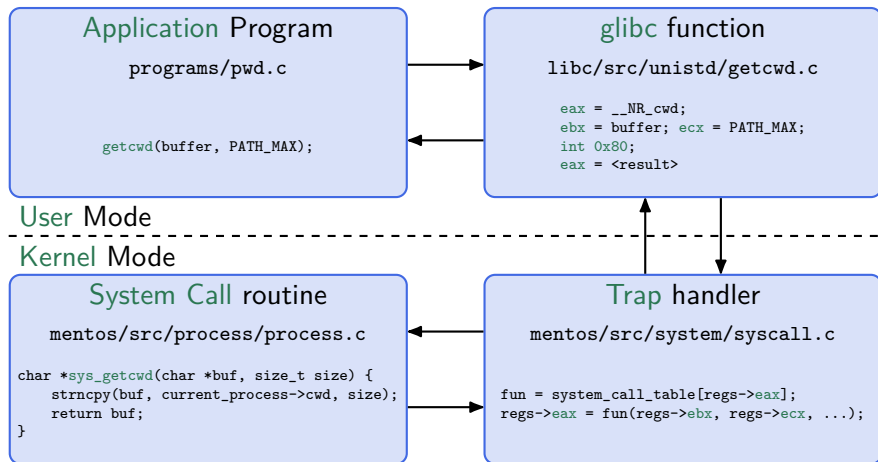
System Call

How they work in MentOs



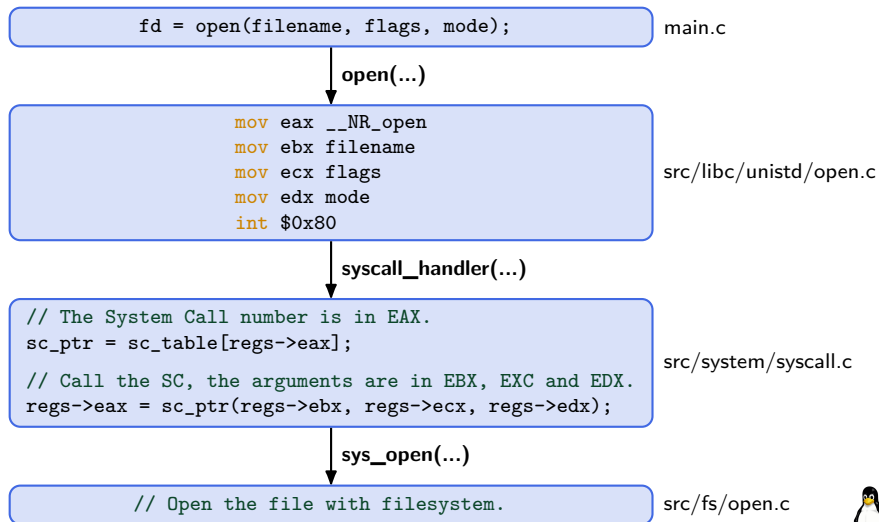
System Call

How they work in MentOS



System Call

How they work in MentOs (Example)



System Call

Two examples of System Calls

Preparing the registers is done through easy-to-use macros:

```
int open(const char *pathname, int flags, mode_t mode) {
    ssize_t retval;
    DEFN_SYSCALL3(retval, __NR_open, pathname, flags, mode);
    if (retval < 0)
        errno = -retval, retval = -1;
    return retval;
}
```

```
int close(int fd) {
    int retval;
    DEFN_SYSCALL1(retval, __NR_close, fd);
    if (retval < 0)
        errno = -retval, retval = -1;
    return retval;
}
```

